



ILLINOIS

April 15, 2002

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

## VIA EXPRESS MAIL

Mr. Joseph Waks **Primary Patent Examiner** United States Patent and Trademark Office Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231-0001

> Office Action Received in Error Re:

Dear Examiner Waks:

As a follow-up to our telephone conversation this morning and per your request, I am enclosing the Office Action I received in our office on April 15, 2002. Please note that the cover sheet (PTO Form No. PTO-90C) indicates that the Office Action is for Serial No.: 09/681,253 with a filing date of March 8, 2001. However, the document titled Office Action Summary (PTO Form No. PTO-326) indicates that the Serial Number is 09/581,253.

During our telephone conversation, you looked up serial number 09/681,253 and indicated that you had not even examined this patent application. Please also note that a copy of the Form 1449 from an IDS filed by Armstrong Teasdale on May 14, 2001 is also included with this Office Action.

If you have any questions, please give me a call.

Very truly yours,

Carmela de la Cruz

Patent Docket Administrator

Camela de la Ce

/mcc

Enclosures

cc:

Nestor R. Ramirez

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63102-2740

TEL: 314.621.5070



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

TPE	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
\\` <u> </u>	681,253	03/08/2001	Raymond K.J. Ong	GECAN-3214	5453			
APR 2 7 2002 23 65 7590 04/09/2002								
	JUDN S. DEU			EXAMINER				
ATENT & TR	©/O ARMSTRO A∩€***ONE METROP	ONG TEASDALE, LLP OLITAN SQUARE		WAKS, JOSEPH				
- a IK	50112 2000	63102-2740		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	01 20 010, MO			2834				
				DATE MAILED: 04/09/2002				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		SE OCINE	,					
		PR 1 2 WILL	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		APR 2 2 70002 02-00-00	09/581,253	IKEGAMI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary			Examiner	Art Unit				
			Joseph Waks	2834				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHO THE N - Exten after S - If the	DRTENED STATUTORY MAILING DATE OF THIS SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing period for reply specified above is	COMMUNICATION.  der the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1.  date of this communication.  less than thirty (30) days, a reply	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MON 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3	y be timely filed  10) days will be considered timely.				
<ul> <li>Failur</li> <li>Any re</li> </ul>	e to reply within the set or extende	ed period for reply will, by statute an three months after the mailing	vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON I H, , cause the application to become ABAN , date of this communication, even if time					
1)	Responsive to commun	nication(s) filed on 08 M	March 2001 .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	, .	is action is non-final.					
3)□		. ,—		rs, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>								
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application.								
4	la) Of the above claim(s	s) is/are withdrav	vn from consideration.					
5)	Claim(s) is/are al	lowed.						
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-10,12-16</u>	and 18-26 is/are rejec	ted.					
7)	Claim(s) <u>6,11,17 and 27</u>	is/are objected to.						
	Claim(s) are subj	ect to restriction and/o	r election requirement.					
	on Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10)⊠ I			accepted or b) objected	•				
11) 🗀 🗆			e drawing(s) be held in abeyand _ is: a)□ approved b)□ disa	` ,				
11/11			•	approved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.								
<ul><li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li><li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li></ul>								
Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No      Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage.								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).								
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☑ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment	(s)							
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-89 e of Draftsperson's Patent Dra nation Disclosure Statement(s	wing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Info	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
.S. Patent and Tra	ademark Office							

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 7-9, 12-15, 18-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Chari et al. (US 4,278,905).

**Chari et al.** disclose a back iron 32 and a plurality of non-magnetic teeth 51 installed in the back iron.

Re claims 7-9, the method of attaching the teeth to the back iron and installing the back iron in the machine is inherent to the disclosed structure.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-3, and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chariet al. (US 4,278,905) in view of Lloyd et al. (US 5,177,054).

Chari et al. disclose a back iron 32 and a plurality of non-magnetic teeth 51 having a back section 55 with a key installed in the slots 57 of the back iron of a superconducting

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electrical machine. However, **Chari et al.** do not teach the machine being a high temperature, superconducting machine.

Lloyd et al. disclose the use for the high temperature, superconducting materials in electrical machines for the purpose of reducing the size and the weight of the motor for the specific power rating.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the machine as taught by **Chari et al.** and to provide well known in the art high temperature superconducting material as taught by **Lloyd et al.** for the purpose of reducing the size and the weight of the motor for the specific power rating by using materials working at significantly higher temperatures than the liquid state temperature of helium.

The method of attaching the teeth to the back iron and installing the back iron in the machine is inherent to the disclosed structure.

5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chari et al. (US 4,278,905) in view of Lloyd et al. (US 5,177,054) as applied to claim 3 above and further in view of Everton (US 5,670,838).

The combined machine discloses all elements essentially as claimed. However, it does not disclose the teeth being attached to the back iron with adhesive.

Everton discloses a superconducting electrical machine having teeth 9 bounded to the back iron 10 with an adhesive for the purpose of providing a magnetic reluctance.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the combined machine and to provide the teeth being attached to

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the back iron with adhesive as taught by **Everton** for the purpose of providing a magnetic reluctance.

6. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chari et al. (US 4,278,905) in view of Lloyd et al. (US 5,177,054) as applied to claim 3 above and further in view of Roger (US 4,375,043).

The combined machine discloses all elements essentially as claimed. However, it does not disclose the teeth comprising at least one a glass laminate, a carbon fiber, and a fiber polymer.

Roger discloses an electrical machine having teeth 14 bounded to the back iron 2 with key and made of a glass laminate for the purpose of providing a desired strength and rigidity to the non-magnetic tooth structure.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the combined machine and to provide the teeth comprising at least one a glass laminate as taught by **Roger** for the purpose of providing a desired strength and rigidity to the non magnetic tooth structure.

7. Claims 10, 16, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chari et al. (US 4,278,905) in view of Roger (US 4,375,043).

Chari et al. discloses all elements essentially as claimed. However, it does not disclose the teeth comprising at least one a glass laminate, a carbon fiber, and a fiber polymer.

Roger discloses an electrical machine having teeth 14 bounded to the back iron 2 with key and made of a glass laminate for the purpose of providing a desired strength and rigidity to the non-magnetic tooth structure.

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the machine as taught by **Chari et al.** and to provide the teeth comprising at least one a glass laminate as taught by **Roger** for the purpose of providing a desired strength and rigidity to the non-magnetic tooth structure.

8. Claim 25 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chari et al. (US 4,278,905) in view of Everton (US 5,670,838).

Chari et al. disclose all elements essentially as claimed. However, Chari et al. does not disclose the teeth being attached to the back iron with adhesive.

**Everton** discloses a superconducting electrical machine having teeth 9 bounded to the back iron 10 with an adhesive for the purpose of providing a magnetic reluctance.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to design the machine as taught by **Chari et al.** and to provide the teeth being attached to the back iron with adhesive as taught by **Everton** for the purpose of providing a magnetic reluctance.

### Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claims 6, 11, 17, and 27 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The feature of the non-magnetic tooth including at least one embedded conductor, in combination with the other limitations present, are neither disclosed nor taught by the prior art of record.

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### **Prior** Art

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

#### Communication

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph Waks whose telephone number is (703) 308-1676. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday 8 am to 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nestor R Ramirez can be reached on (703) 308-1371. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-1341 for regular communications and (703) 305-1341 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

JØSEPH WAKS/ PRIMARY PATENT EXAMINER

JW

April 4, 2002